

INFRINGEMENTS ON THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS THROUGH DATA COLLECTION, STORAGE AND USES

How Our Data Is Being Collected, Stored and Used

Surveillance has been increasing gradually, with a more speedy kick start after 9/11. We have become accustomed to showing our driver's licenses, having our pictures taken, seeing security cameras, and going through security checks. We have become accustomed to answering questions about age, birth date, address, destinations, marital status and children. With the health care system is another set of questions, and with the financial system still another set. Social Media collects information on personal experiences and thoughts we share with our friends and others. Think for a moment, about how much information we are giving up about ourselves constantly.

There is a movement afoot, to compile all our information into one central collection point. All the information about you and all the information about me, would be two large collections of information. Imagine how much storage space it would take to hold all the information about everyone in your area, your county, your state, the whole country! Thus arises the need for more storage space.

The centralizing of this data is happening every day. Our local and state police force are playing a big part in this. The Automatic License Plate Readers (ALPR) are picking up all the information attached to our license plates, which is attached to our driver's license. The information accessed through our driver's licenses is increasing to include financial, health, and other personal information. FLOCK cameras are installed at many intersections, monitoring our movements throughout the area and also on residential and corporate properties. These photos are added to the volume of information about us.

The recent rise in discussion about data collection centers is about data storage. This data storage is more than just an orderly way to store so much information. It is also to access and use that information. That could be a good thing **sometimes**. **Often** it would feel like an intrusion into personal lives. It is an avenue of controlling the population **all the time**. This is the necessary step into the Social Credit System. The Social Credit System, as experienced in China, keeps score on how well we are being good little servants to the government. By the way, a large percentage of the servers to be used in the data collection centers, are sourced in China.

We the People have a choice. We can heedlessly agree to give up our sovereignty, or we can use the resources our founding fathers left for us. Keep reading to see what those resources are.

1791 Bill of Rights

3rd Amendment: *Americans are protected from war powers being used against them. The Social Credit System is a war against We the People.*

4th Amendment: “The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated,” *(Americans are secured against the unreasonable search or seizure of their private information.)*

5th Amendment: “No person shall . . . be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.” *(Americans are not to be deprived of having a voice over the use of their own property, personal information included, without due process of law, nor personal information taken for public use, without just compensation.)*

8th Amendment: “. . . nor cruel or unusual punishments inflicted.” *(Americans shall not be subject to cruel punishment, as is the result of the Social Credit System.)*

9th Amendment: “The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.” *(Neither the Legislative, Executive, or Judicial Branches of government are given permission to use their enumerated rights against the People or to trespass against Americans.)*

Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - 1776

Chapter 1, A Declaration of the Rights of the inhabitants of the state of Pennsylvania.

I. “All men have certain natural, inherent and inalienable rights, amongst which are, the enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property” *(including personal information)* and pursuing and obtaining happiness and safety *(without our information being used against us)*.

III. “That the People of this state have the sole, exclusive and inherent right of governing and regulating the internal police of the same.” *(The township and state police are not given the right to seize our personal information at whim or even by coercion)*.

IV. “All officers of government are trustees and servants, and at all times accountable to them” *(meaning, accountable to We the People. We can decide what information is available to the public and what is not)*.

V. “The government is, or ought to be, instituted for the common benefit, protection, and security of the people, nation, or community; and not for the particular emolument or advantage of any single man, family, or set of men,”
(Harvesting our information without our consent, storing it or using it against us, is not benefit, protection or security. It is the opposite of all of that.)

VIII. “.....no part of a man’s property can be justly taken from him, or applied to public uses without his own consent, or that of his legal representatives”. (*Our private information cannot be taken from us and put to public use without our informed consent.*)

X. “That the people have a right to hold themselves, their houses, papers, and possessions free from search and seizure . . .” (*Our private information is not available for public harvesting, storing, and using.*)

XVI. “That the people have a right to assemble together, to consult for their common good, to instruct their representatives, and to apply to the legislature for redress of grievances, and by address, petition, or remonstrance.” (*We the People have the authority to let it be known when our rights have been trespassed against, and to expect our voice to be heard, and restitution to be made.*)

The public servants in our communities are called to uphold the Constitution and to defend the people’s rights. Every action they take, they either fulfill or abdicate those duties. In the case of data collection, storage and uses, it appears that they are abdicating their oaths, and that is called treason.

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